

KELVIN MODEL

$$\sigma = k \varepsilon + \mu \dot{\varepsilon}$$

CREEP: constant stress σ_0

$$\sigma_0 = k \varepsilon + \mu \dot{\varepsilon} \rightarrow \text{Differential Eqn}$$

$$\text{Solution } \varepsilon = \frac{\sigma_0}{k} \left[1 - e^{-\left(\frac{k t}{\mu}\right)} \right]$$

$$t=0 \quad e^{-\frac{k_0}{\mu}} = 1 \Rightarrow \varepsilon = 0$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty \quad e^{-\frac{k t}{\mu}} \rightarrow 0 \quad \varepsilon \rightarrow \frac{\sigma_0}{k}$$

strain you'd get with spring alone

ε goes from 0 to $\frac{\sigma_0}{k}$ asymptotically

$$\text{RELAXATION: constant STRAIN} \Rightarrow \dot{\varepsilon} = 0$$

$$\dot{\varepsilon} = \frac{d\varepsilon}{dt} \quad \varepsilon = \varepsilon^*$$

$$\sigma = k \varepsilon^* + \mu(0) \Rightarrow \sigma = k \varepsilon^*$$

σ is constant too.

RECOVERY REMOVE STRESS WHILE @ strain level ε^* $\sigma = 0$

$$0 = k \varepsilon + \mu \dot{\varepsilon}$$

$$\varepsilon = \varepsilon' e^{-\left[\frac{k t}{\mu}\right]}$$

i.e. another asymptote

$$[t=0, \varepsilon=\varepsilon'] \quad [t \rightarrow \infty, \varepsilon \rightarrow 0]$$

MAXWELL MODEL:

$\delta_1 = k\epsilon_1$ spring

$\delta_2 = \mu \dot{\epsilon}_2$ DAMPER
 $= \mu \frac{d\epsilon_2}{dt}$

IN SERIES

$$\text{LD } \delta = \delta_1 = \delta_2$$

$$\epsilon = \epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{\epsilon} = \dot{\epsilon}_1 + \dot{\epsilon}_2 \quad \dot{\epsilon}_2 = \frac{\delta_2}{\mu}$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \frac{\delta_1}{k} \Rightarrow \dot{\epsilon}_1 = \frac{\dot{\delta}_1}{k}$$

$$\dot{\epsilon} = \frac{\delta_2}{\mu} + \frac{\dot{\delta}_1}{k} = \frac{\delta}{\mu} + \frac{\dot{\delta}}{k}$$

CREEP const STRESS = δ_0
 $\Rightarrow \dot{\delta} = 0$

$$\dot{\epsilon} = \frac{\delta_0}{\mu} + 0 = \text{constant.}$$

ϵ increasing in a straight line
 FOREVER
 with no limit

THERE WILL BE AN INITIAL ELASTIC
 STRETCH EQUAL TO $\epsilon = \frac{\delta_0}{k}$ model.
 i.e. EQUAL TO final limit of KELVIN ~~model~~

STRESS RELAXATION

LD const. strain $\Rightarrow \dot{\epsilon} = 0$

$$\sigma = \frac{\beta}{\mu} + \frac{\dot{\sigma}}{k} \Rightarrow \text{DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION}$$

$$\sigma = \sigma_0 e^{-\left(\frac{k t}{\mu}\right)} \quad \sigma = \sigma_0 @ t = 0$$

RECOVERY

LD remove stress

ELASTIC STRAIN RECOVERS
INSTANTLY

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon_i \rightarrow 0$$

NO further recovery.

$$\sigma = 0 \quad \dot{\sigma} = 0$$

$$\dot{\epsilon} = 0$$

ELASTIC RECOVERY =

$\frac{\sigma'}{k}$ ← STRESS IN SYSTEM AT MOMENT OF ~~REMOVAL~~ LOAD REMOVAL