

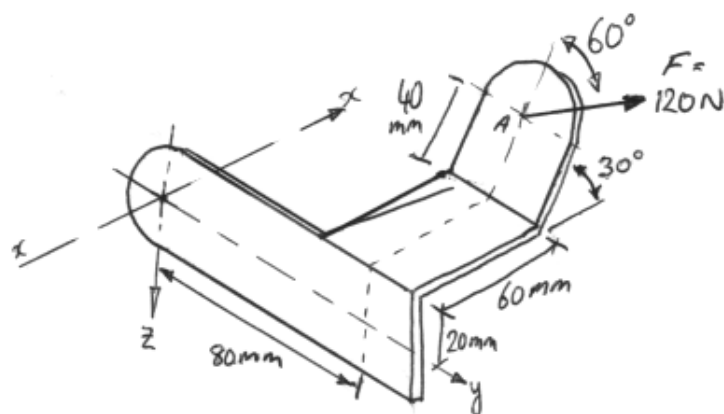
find moment of force about x axis

find y & z coords of A

$$A_x = -20\text{mm} + 40\text{mm}(\sin 30^\circ) = -40\text{mm}$$

$$A_y = 80\text{mm}$$

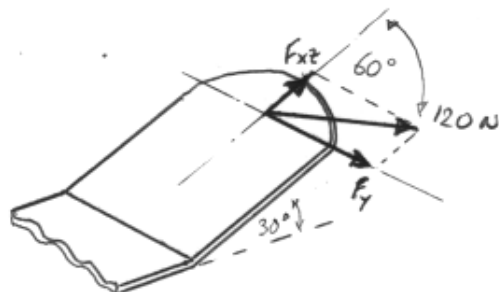
$$A_z = 60\text{mm} + 40\text{mm}\cos(30^\circ) = 94.6\text{mm}$$



next, need to find  $\hat{i}, \hat{j}, \hat{k}$  components of force  $\vec{F}$

this part is more confusing, so it is helpful to do it in two steps.

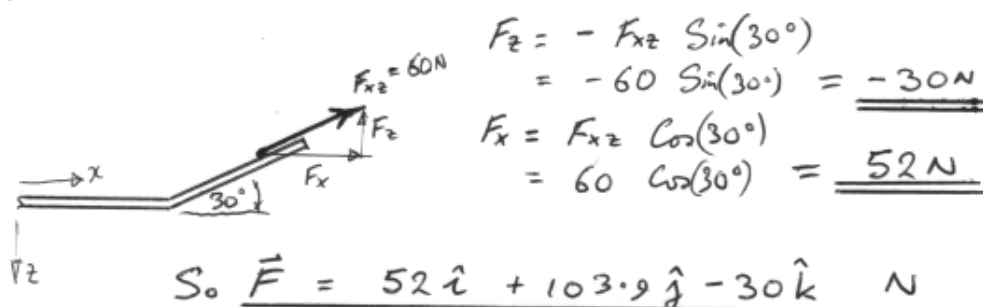
FIRST look in plane of the surface containing A  
break  $F$  into  $F_y$  &  $F_{xz}$



$$F_y = (120)(\sin(60^\circ)) = \underline{103.92\text{ N}} \quad (\hat{j} \text{ component})$$

$$F_{xz} = (120)(\cos(60^\circ)) = 60\text{ N}$$

Second break  $F_{xz}$  into x & z ( $\hat{i}$  &  $\hat{k}$ ) components



$$F_z = -F_{xz} \sin(30^\circ) = -60 \sin(30^\circ) = \underline{-30\text{ N}}$$

$$F_x = F_{xz} \cos(30^\circ) = 60 \cos(30^\circ) = \underline{52\text{ N}}$$

$$\text{So } \vec{F} = 52\hat{i} + 103.9\hat{j} - 30\hat{k} \text{ N}$$

If you calculate  $\|\vec{F}\| = \text{SQRT}(52^2 + 103.9^2 + 30^2)$  you get 120N as expected.

finally ... to find moment about x axis ...

~~calc~~ calc  $\vec{r} \times \vec{F}$  & look only at  $\hat{i}$  component of result...

$$\vec{r} \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 94.6 & 80.0 & -40.0 \\ 52 & 103.9 & -30 \end{vmatrix} = \hat{i}((80)(-30) - (-40)(103.9)) + \dots \text{Don't need rest!}$$

$$\text{moment about x axis is } -2400 + 4156 = 1756\text{ Nmm} = \underline{\underline{1.756\text{ Nm}}}$$