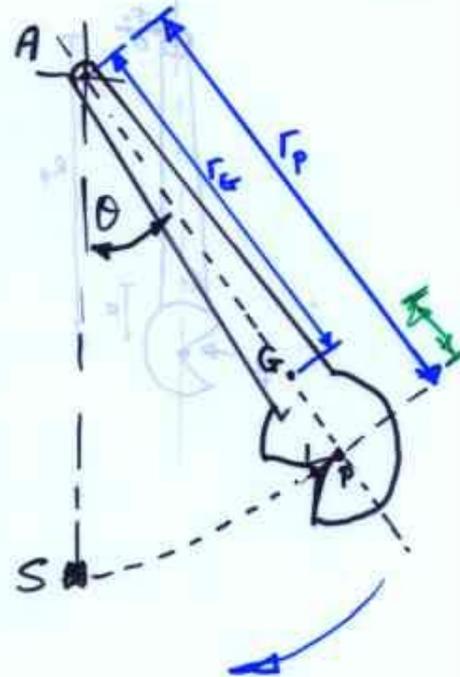


# CHARPY IMPACT TESTER

PENDULUM SWINGS & STRIKES TARGET AT S.

find  $r_p$  to minimise Horiz force at A during impact

Simplify calc. by assuming Specimen stops the pendulum.



FREE BODY DIAGRAM at moment of impact

ang vel just before impact is  $\omega_1$ , c.w.

$v_{G_1}$  is  $r_g \omega_1$ , to left  $\leftarrow$

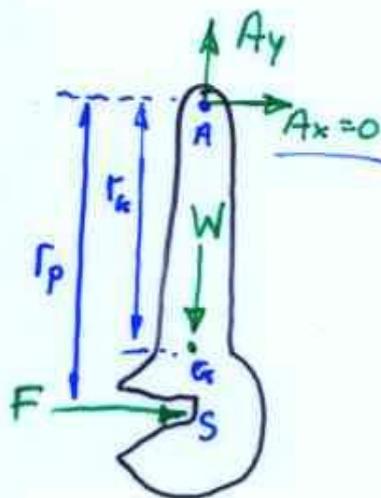
after impact  $v_{G_2} = 0$  &  $\omega_2 = 0$

$\Rightarrow$  angular momentum EQN

$$\boxed{(+)} \quad I_A \omega_1 - (\int F dt) r_p = 0 \quad \cancel{I_A \omega_2 = 0}$$

Linear momentum

$$\boxed{(+)} \quad -m(r_g \omega_1) + (\int F dt) = 0 \quad [\text{note } A_x = 0]$$



SOLVE BETWEEN 2 EQNS, ELIMINATING  $\int F dt$ :

$$I_A \omega_1 - m r_g \omega_1 r_p = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r_p = r_g + \frac{k_g^2}{r_g}$$

$$r_p = \frac{r_g^2 + k_g^2}{r_g} = \frac{k_A^2}{r_g} \quad \text{centre of percussion}$$

note  $I_A = m k_g^2 + m r_g^2$   
radius of gyration  
 $I_A = m k_A^2$