

To just find  $\alpha$  (as required) there  
is a quicker way...

TAKE MOMENTS ABOUT A

$$\sum M_A = I_G \alpha - m a_G d \quad (\text{get sign from R.H.R.})$$

$$-(100)(0.7) + mg(0.5) = I_G \alpha - ma_G(0.5)$$

$$a_G = -0.5 \alpha \text{ as before}$$

$$\Rightarrow -70 + (8)(9.81)(0.5) = (8)(k_g^2) \alpha + (8)(0.5)\alpha(0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \underline{-10.3 \text{ rad s}^{-2}}$$

Same as before

Note sign  $\Rightarrow \alpha$  is in direction opposite  
to the one we sketched on Diagram  
i.e.  $\alpha$  is actually clockwise 