

Simplification: PLANE Motion

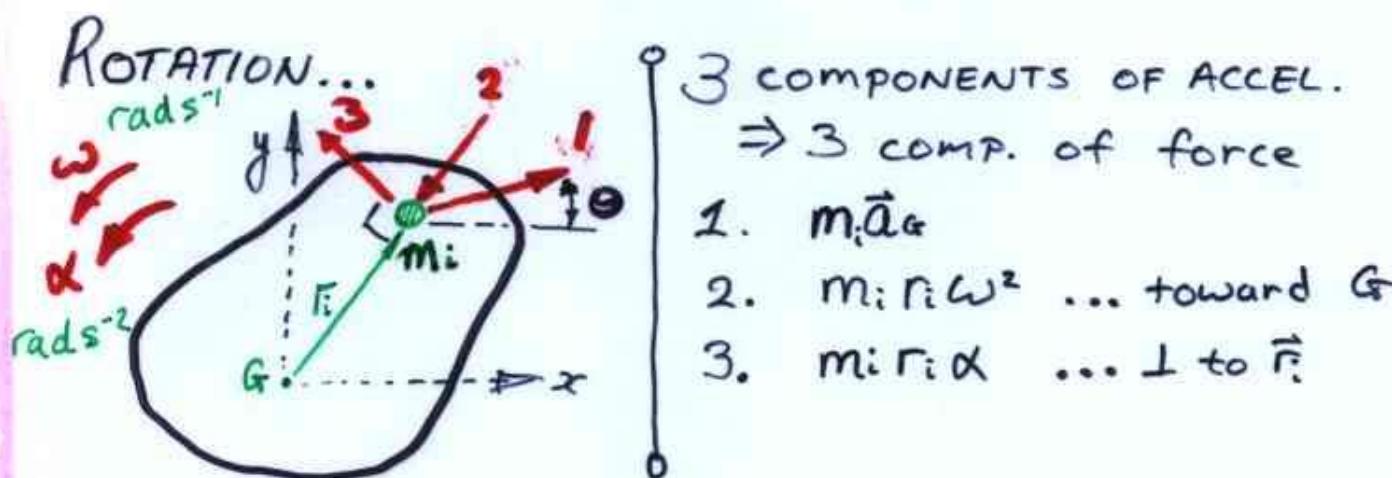
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ALL FORCES, MOVEMENT (TRANSLATION & ROTATION)
IN 1 PLANE.

ALL MOMENTS \perp to this PLANE

↳ CAN USE SCALAR NOTATION FOR
MOMENT, ANGULAR ACCLN, ETC.,

STILL: $\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}_g$... TRANSLATION



3 COMPONENTS OF ACCEL.

\Rightarrow 3 COMP. of force

1. $m_i \vec{a}_g$
2. $m_i r_i \omega^2$... toward G
3. $m_i r_i \alpha$... \perp to \vec{r}_i

LOOK AT MOMENT OF EACH COMPONENT: **ABOUT G**

$$1. M_G^1 = m_i a_g \sin(\theta) x_i - m_i a_g \cos(\theta) y_i$$

$$2. M_G^2 = 0 \quad (\text{DIRXN of } \omega \text{ does } \underline{\text{not}} \text{ matter})$$

$$3. M_G^3 = (m_i r_i \alpha) r_i = m_i r_i^2 \alpha$$

ADD 1. 2. & 3. ... then sum all the m_i that make up the body:

$$\sum M_G = a_g \sin(\theta) \underbrace{\sum m_i x_i}_{\text{ZERO}} - a_g \cos(\theta) \underbrace{\sum m_i y_i}_{\text{ZERO}} + \alpha \sum m_i r_i^2$$

BECAUSE ORIGIN @ G

$$\sum M_G = \alpha \sum m_i r_i^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{\sum M_G = \alpha \int r^2 dm = \alpha I_G}$$

const over body