

PROOF:  $M_o = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$  ;  $\vec{F} = \vec{P} + \vec{Q}$  COMPONENTS

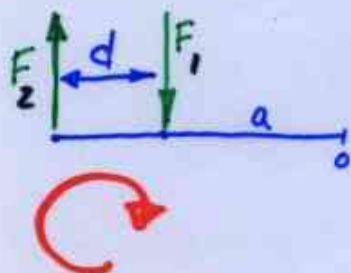
$$\Rightarrow M_o = \vec{r} \times (\vec{P} + \vec{Q})$$

CROSS PRODUCT IS DISTRIBUTIVE SO...

$$M_o = \vec{r} \times \vec{P} + \vec{r} \times \vec{Q} \quad \text{i.e. SUM OF MOMENTS.}$$



COUPLE : CONSIDER 2 EQUAL AND OPPOSITE FORCES. NET FORCE =  $\vec{0}$ .



WHAT IS MOMENT ?

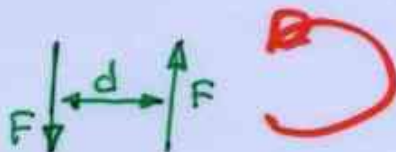
$$M_o = +F_1 \cdot a - F_2(a+d)$$

$$= -Fd$$

i.e. "a" DOES NOT MATTER.

MOMENT OF COUPLE SAME ABOUT ALL POINTS

NOTE SIGN... if we had

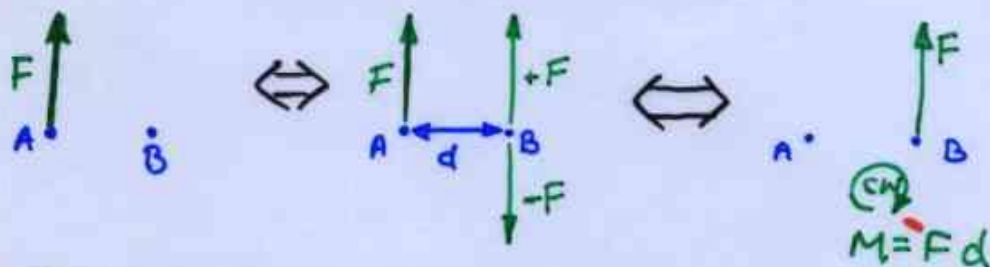


then  $\vec{M} = +Fd$  (RIGHT HAND RULE, AGAIN)



FORCE - Couple SYSTEMS:

YOU CAN REPLACE A FORCE BY AN EQUAL PARALLEL FORCE PLUS A MOMENT:



RIGHT HAND RULE GIVES DIRECTION OF COUPLE (clockwise/NEGATIVE HERE)