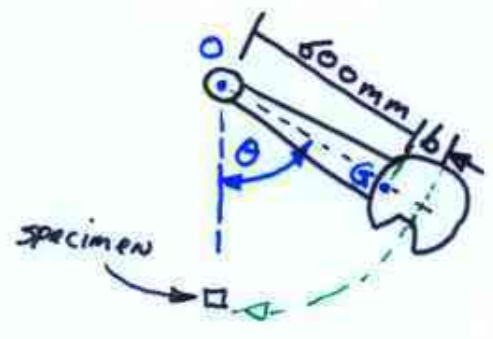


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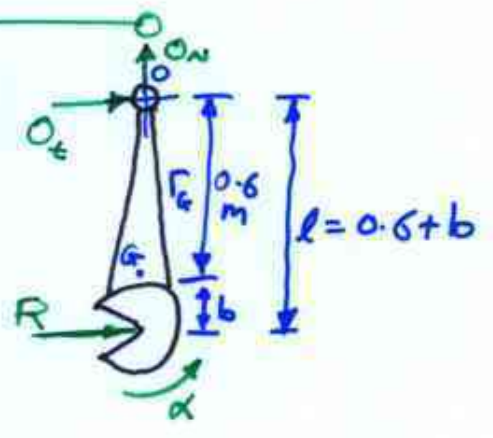
Impact tester

mass of pendulum 34kg  
 $k_o = 620\text{ mm}$  radius of gyration  
 "b" has been chosen so THAT  
 RXN at bearing O is minimised  
 at impact.



✓ FIND b & FIND force @ O WHEN PENDULUM  
 is released  $\rightarrow \theta = 60^\circ$ .

At impact, PENDULUM IS VERTICAL  
 SPECIMEN APPLIES FORCE  $\vec{R}$   
 BEARING APPLIES  $O_t$  &  $O_n$   
 GRAVITY APPLIES  $W$  (NOT SHOWN)



$\sum F_t = ma_{G_t}$

$\Rightarrow O_t + R = m a_{G_t} = m r_G \alpha$

$R = m r_G \alpha - O_t$  ①

$\sum M_o = I_o \alpha$

$\Rightarrow (R)(l) = I_o \alpha$  ②

SUBST from ① INTO ②

$(m r_G \alpha - O_t)(l) = I_o \alpha = m k_o^2 \alpha$

we want to minimise  $O_t$ , so set it to ZERO.

$\Rightarrow m r_G \alpha l = m k_o^2 \alpha$

$\Rightarrow l = \frac{k_o^2}{r_G}$  ... center of percussion

so  $l = \frac{(0.620)^2}{(0.6)} = 0.6407\text{ m} \Rightarrow b = l - 0.6 = 40.7\text{ mm}$

Note  $I_o = m k_o^2$   
 $k_o =$  radius of gyration about o